樹賢基金

SUREIN FOUNDATION

(Limited by guarantee and incorporated in Hong Kong)

(Formerly known as 樹賢基金有限公司 SUREIN FOUNDATION LIMITED)

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31ST DECEMBER, 2023

錦華會計師行有限公司 POON & PARTNERS CPA LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)
HONG KONG

SUREIN FOUNDATION

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors have pleasure to present their report and audited financial statements of Surein Foundation (the

"Foundation") for the year ended 31st December, 2023.

CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

The name of the Foundation was changed from "Surein Foundation Limited 樹賢基金有限公司" to "Surein

Foundation 樹賢基金" through a special resolution passed at an extraordinary general meeting on 9th June,

2023.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Foundation was engaged in the promotion of the education of environment, cultivation, husbandry and

wildlife in Hong Kong.

RESULTS

The results of the Foundation for the year ended 31st December, 2023 are set out in the income and expenditure

account on page 6.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Foundation is exempted from the disclosure of business review as required under Schedule 5 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance as the Foundation passed the special resolution not to prepare a business review in

directors' report under the exemption of Section 388(3)(c) of the Companies Ordinance.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment are shown in note 9 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Foundation during the year and up to the date of this report were :-

Mr. LEE Shu Wing Ernest

Ms. LAM Oi Yean Brenda

In accordance with the Clause 12, 13 and 14 of the Foundation's Articles of Association, the existing directors

retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

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DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Except as disclosed in note 11 to the financial statements, no director nor a connected entity of a director had material interests, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Foundation to which the Foundation was a party during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Foundation were entered into or existed during the year.

AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by Poon & Partners CPA Limited who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

Approved on behalf of the Board by :-

LEE Shu Wing Ernest Director

HONG KONG, 27th May, 2024

POON & PARTNERS CPA LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

Room 1802, 18/F., Sunbeam Commercial Building, 469-471 Nathan Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. Tel: (852) 2780-2218 Fax: (852) 2783-9080

錦華會計師行有限公司

香港九龍彌敦道469-471號新光商業大廈18樓1802室 電話:(852) 2780-2218 傳真:(852) 2783-9080

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SUREIN FOUNDATION

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited by guarantee)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of Surein Foundation (the "Foundation") set out on pages 6 to 17, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2023, and the income and expenditure account, the statement of changes in funds and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Foundation as at 31st December, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities ("HKFRS for Private Entities") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS for Private Entities issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also :-

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

POON & PARTNERS CPA LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

Room 1802, 18/F., Sunbeam Commercial Building, 469-471 Nathan Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong

HONG KONG, 27th May, 2024

Benny K. W. Poon Practising Certificate Number P02342

S65-AC23

SUREIN FOUNDATION INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	Note	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$
INCOME	3	1,174,810	1,245,020
PROJECT EXPENSES	5	(207,590)	(599,258)
		967,220	645,762
OTHER INCOME	4	9,055	24,495
		976,275	670,257
EXPENDITURE			
Bank charges		785	710
Depreciation	9	5,928	1,712
Donation expenses		2,000	-
Exchange loss Insurance		4,452	5,186
Internet and website expenses		1,992	3,493
Legal and professional fee		7,700	4,800
MPF contribution		20,400	18,000
Postage and courier		85	113
Printing and stationery		620	145
Rental expenses		1	1
Salaries and allowances		508,053	430,560
Subscription fee		3,200	-
Sundry expenses		558	-
Travelling expenses		79	58
		555,853	464,784
SURPLUS BEFORE TAXATION	6	420,422	205,473
TAXATION	8		
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		420,422	205,473

SUREIN FOUNDATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	Note	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	9	20,294	5,134
CURRENT ASSETS Deposits paid Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Payments in advance		12,500 3,878 1,531,837 1,875 1,550,090	11,800 11,694 1,143,504 - 1,166,998
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued expenses Receipts in advance		19,465 107,880 127,345	28,150 121,365 149,515
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,422,745	1,017,483
NET ASSETS		1,443,039	1,022,617
Financed by :- Scholarship funds General funds		187,750 1,255,289	98,000 924,617
TOTAL FUND		1,443,039	1,022,617

Approved on behalf of the Board by :-

LEE Shu Wing Ernest

Director

LAM Oi Yean Brenda

Director

SUREIN FOUNDATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	Scholarship	General	
	<u>funds</u>	<u>funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Balance at 1/1/2022	160,000	657,144	817,144
Course have form 41 a reconst		205 472	205 472
Surplus for the year	•	205,473	205,473
Reallocation of funds	(62,000)	62,000	-
Balance at 31/12/2022 and at 1/1/2023	98,000	924,617	1,022,617
Surplus for the year	-	420,422	420,422
Reallocation of funds	89,750	(89,750)	
Realiocation of funus	09,730	(69,730)	
Balance at 31/12/2023	187,750	1,255,289	1,443,039

SUREIN FOUNDATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$
Surplus before taxation Adjustment for :-	420,422	205,473
Depreciation Interest income	5,928 (9,055)	1,712 (495)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes	417,295	206,690
Working capital changes:- (Increase) in deposits paid Decrease in other receivables (Increase) in payments in advance (Decrease)/increase in accrued expenses (Decrease) in receipts in advance	(700) 7,816 (1,875) (8,685) (13,485)	3,986 - 28,150 (232,035)
	(16,929)	(199,899)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	400,366	6,791
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9,055 (21,088)	495
NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(12,033)	495
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	388,333	7,286
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,143,504	1,136,218
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	1,531,837	1,143,504
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALE Cash and bank balance	ENTS 1,531,837	1,143,504

1. **GENERAL**

Surein Foundation (the "Foundation") is a foundation incorporated in Hong Kong with limited by guarantee. The Foundation's registered office is located at 7/F., Fortis Tower, No. 77 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. The name of the Foundation was changed from "Surein Foundation Limited 樹賢基金有限公司" to "Surein Foundation 樹賢基金" through a special resolution passed at an extraordinary general meeting on 9th June, 2023. The Foundation was engaged in the promotion of the education of environment, cultivation, husbandry and wildlife in Hong Kong.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is Hong Kong Dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Foundation.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities ("HKFRS for Private Entities") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost convention.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Foundation's accounting policies. In the opinion of the directors of the Foundation (the "Directors") there are no areas involving a higher degree of judgements or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements.

2.2 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below and have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or losses on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Foundation and cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:-

Office equipment

20%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and it's recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Foundation will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the profit and loss.

Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods and recognised in profit or loss when an increase in the receivables' recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to the restriction that the carrying amount of the receivables at the date the impairment is reversed shall not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposit held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings under current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

For the purpose the statement of cash flows, bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand form an integral part of the Foundation's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

(e) Impairment of assets

The Foundation assesses at the end of reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The asset's carrying amount is reduced and the amount of the loss is charged to profit and loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss.

(f) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of income and retained earnings because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Foundation's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases using in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from transactions that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflected the tax consequences that would follow from manner in which the Foundation expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. However, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities associated with an investment property measured at fair value does not exceed the amount of tax that would be payable on its sale to an unrelated market participant at fair value at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(g) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Foundation and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following basis:-

- project donation income is recognised when projects are completed;
- donation income is recognised when they are received; and
- interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis and is included in "other income".

(h) Employee benefit obligations

The Foundation participates in the defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong. Contributions are made to a separately administered fund based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

(i) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expenses over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leases are classified as finance lease where the Foundation owns substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is apportioned between the liability and finance charges using the effective interest method. Rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included on borrowings in the statement of financial position. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

(j) Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, related party includes a person and entity as defined below:

- a. A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Foundation if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Foundation;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Foundation; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Foundation's parent.
- b. An entity is related to the Foundation if any of the following conditions applies:-
 - (i) The entity and the Foundation are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Foundation or an entity related to the Foundation.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

3. INCOME

	<u>2023</u> HK\$	<u>2022</u> HK\$
Donation for scholarship Donation income	161,000 1,013,810	150,000 1,095,020
	1,174,810	1,245,020

4. <u>OTHER INCOME</u>

	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$
Anti-epidemic Fund Interest income	9,055	24,000 495
	9,055	24,495
5. <u>PROJECT EXPENSES</u>		
	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$
Income Less: Project expenses Scholarship expenses	22,012 158,352 71,250	16,722 403,980 212,000
	(207,590)	(599,258)
6. <u>SURPLUS BEFORE TAXATION</u>		
The surplus before taxation is stated after charging the following:-		
	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Rental expenses under operating leases	5,928 - 1	1,712 6 1
Other staff costs : salary - retirement benefit	508,053 20,400	430,560 18,000

7. <u>DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION</u>

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) is as follows:-

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	HK\$	HK\$
Directors' remuneration		
- as directors	-	-
- for management	-	-
- retirement benefit	-	-
- other remuneration	-	-

8. <u>TAXATION</u>

No provision for taxation is required in the financial statements as the Foundation is exempted from taxation pursuant to Section 88 of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance, and none of the earned income is subject to tax in Hong Kong during the current year.

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Office <u>equipment</u> HK\$
Cost	
At 1/1/2023	8,558
Additions	21,088
At 31/12/2023	29,646
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1/1/2023	3,424
Charge for the year	5,928
At 31/12/2023	9,352
Net book value	
At 31/12/2023	20,294
At 31/12/2022	5,134

10. <u>EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS</u>

The Foundation contributes on a monthly basis to defined contribution retirement benefit plans monitored by the relevant governmental department in Hong Kong. During the year, the total amount charged to the income and expenditure account in respect of the Foundation's costs incurred on the defined contribution retirement benefit plans was HK\$20,400 (2022: HK\$18,000).

The principal employee's retirement scheme of the Foundation is under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. Contributions are made by both the employer and the employee at the rate of 5% on the employee's relevant salary income.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Foundation had the following related party transactions:-

	<u>2023</u> HK\$	<u>2022</u> HK\$
Donation income from related companies	360,000	360,000
Donation for scholarship income from a director Rental expenses paid to a related company	100,000	100,000
Project expenses paid to a related company	1,458	

Ms. LAM Oi Yean Brenda is the director of the related companies.

12. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements are approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27th May, 2024.